

Relationships & Sex Education (RSE) Policy

Policy updated: October 2023
To be reviewed by: June 2026
Policy reviewed by Chair of Governors; to LGB

Version Control

Date	Change					
October 2023	Policy changed as MAT policy updated. All Saint's RSE curriculum was devised in consultation with parents, pupils, Governors and Staff. An update to the 2020 publication Living in Love and Faith document journey was added.					

At All Saints' we are 'Children of God'. We wear our crowns with pride. Together, we are Included, Involved and Inspired.

- Do you not know that in a race all the runners run, but only one gets the prize? Run in such a way as to get the prize.
- 25 Everyone who competes in the games goes into strict training. They do it to get a crown that will not last; but we do it to get a crown that will last forever.
- 26 So I run with purpose in every step.

1 Corinthians 9: 24-26

Vision Statement

At All Saints' everyone is welcomed and **included**. Each individual is acknowledged and valued as an equal member of our school family and we form a community where we worship God together freely. We celebrate our inclusivity and are respectful of our differences.

Our emblem is a crown; we wear it with pride because it reminds us that we are working for a purpose. This means that we are involved in our learning and are determined to take whatever action is needed for us to be the best that we can be.

We seek a clearer understanding of the world and confidently imagine a better future. With our eyes fixed on this prize, we are **inspired** to be life-long learners and we want to inspire others too to make a difference in this world.

Together · Included · Involved · Inspired

This policy covers our school's approach to the teaching, planning and resourcing of Relationships and Sex Education. It was produced through consultation with pupils, parents, governors and staff members.

We undertake to follow the principles in the Church of England Charter for faith sensitive and inclusive relationships education, relationships and sex education (RSE) and health education (RSHE) 2019. Other documents that have informed this policy include the guidance document 'Deeply Christian, Serving the Common Good – The Church of England Vision for Education (2016); Statutory Inspection of Church of England and Methodist Schools – Inspection Schedule Strand 5 (2018); Sex and Relationship Education Guidance' (2000); 'The Education Act (1996); Supplementary Guidance SRE for the 21st Century (2014); The Equalities Act (2010), and Valuing All God's Children – The Church of England's report (2017). We recognise that issues relating to human identity, sexual orientation and marriage are sensitive and important. The Church of England is exploring them through the work of 'Living in Love and Faith' commissioned by the Archbishops and published in 2020. This journey continues for the church of England and can be found at www.churchofengland.org/resources/living-love-and-faith

Context

We aim to take a faith sensitive and inclusive approach to the requirement for RSE believing it will provide pupils with the knowledge that will enable them to navigate a world in which many will try and tell them how to behave, what to think and what do. It is our hope that the RSE curriculum will provide them with the skills to communicate their own views and make their own informed decisions. All RSE in a Church of England School should be set in a context which is consistent with the school's Christian ethos and values.

- RSE should be based on inclusive Christian principles and values, emphasising respect, compassion, loving care and forgiveness.
- RSE should be taught in the light of the belief in the absolute worth of all people and the unconditional infinite love of God.
- RSE should reflect that sex is a gift from God as part of creation : a human longing for an intimate union.
- RSE should be sensitive to the circumstances of all children and be mindful of the variety of expressions of family life in our culture.
- Issues regarding human sexuality should be addressed sensitively.
- The exploration of reproduction and sexual behaviour within the Science curriculum should stand alongside the exploration of relationships, values and morals and Christian belief.

Pupils are given the opportunity to explore their own attitudes, values and beliefs within the context of our Church of England school with its distinctive ethos centred in the teachings of Jesus Christ. Our hope is for each pupil from these teachings to develop a strong sense of morality which will guide their actions at the same time as exercising an understanding of the right of people to hold their own views within a framework of respect for others.

Principles

SRE should be based on the following principles encountered over a child's primary education:

- Children should learn the significance of committed relationships, including for Christians the sanctity of marriage, as key building blocks of community and society.
- Sex education includes learning about physical and emotional development.
- Sex education is part of a wider social, personal, spiritual and moral education process.
- Children should be taught to have respect for their own and other people's bodies.
- It is important to build positive relationships with others, involving trust and respect.
- Children need to learn how to keep themselves safe when using the internet and other forms of technology.
- Children need to be aware of responsible use of all forms of technology in order to respect the wellbeing and integrity of others.

Aims and Objectives for RSE

Our RSE programme is an integral part of our whole school PSHE education provision and our objectives are:

- To provide an environment in which children may develop a healthy self-esteem and respect for their bodies and the bodies of others.
- Strengthened by our Christian ethos, to develop a sense of personal identity that will reflect the child's growing ability to make good choices of behaviour and lifestyle. It

is our hope for each child's identity to be rooted in a deep understanding that they are loved by God and for this belief in their infinite worth to guide their decisions in life.

- To understand the nature of many types of personal relationships, including friendship, family relationships, love and conflict.
- To develop an understanding of the physical, emotional and sexual development of human beings leading to preparation for puberty.
- To provide an acceptable, accurate sexual vocabulary.
- To counter stereotypical gender attitudes.
- To develop communication skills speaking, listening, negotiating and assertiveness.
- To provide the necessary knowledge and develop the skills required to enable children to keep themselves safe and understand that they have rights over their own body.
- To develop respect for their own bodies and the importance of sexual activity as part of a committed, long-term, and loving relationship or marriage.
- The characteristics of a healthy family life and that many families look different from their own.
- The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them.
- How people choose, make and maintain friendships.
- The rules and principles for keeping safe in friendships and relationships, including Online.

Organisation

Our RSE programme will be planned and delivered for all year groups following the whole school LiFE lesson curriculum plan and an overview of the learning in each year group can be found in Appendix I. Our programme, appropriate for each age group, has been reviewed and adapted in consultation between teachers and parent/carers. The needs and situations of individual parents' and classes' are always taken into account.

The teaching of all RSE is set within a clear, balanced and moral framework in which pupils are encouraged to consider the importance of responsibility, sensitivity, self-esteem, dignity, self-restraint, loyalty and fidelity. In line with the Equalities Act, RSE will be presented in such a way that all children will have equal opportunity to access the curriculum and support will be provided as necessary to pupils e.g those with SEND who may have difficulty accessing this subject.

Our RSE programme is inclusive of all learners and will be taught through a range of teaching methods and interactive activities such as question and answer boxes, problem page scenarios, story bag activities, pair and share work, circle time etc. High quality resources will support our RSE provision and this may include books, film clips, interactive whiteboard resources etc which will be used to support and promote understanding of the key objectives.

We teach RSE through different aspects of the curriculum. While we carry out the main sex education teaching in our LiFE lessons (Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE)) we also teach some sex education through other subject areas (e.g. Science), where we feel that they contribute significantly to a child's knowledge and understanding of his, her or their own body, and how it is changing and developing. Student voice will be used to review and tailor our RSE programme to match the different needs of our pupils.

The Role of parents

The school is well aware that the primary role in children's sex education lies with parents and carers therefore we consult them on a regular basis as a way of monitoring the subject. We wish to build a positive and supporting relationship with the parents of children at our school through mutual understanding, trust and cooperation. In promoting this objective we:

- inform parents about the school's RSE policy and practice;
- answer any questions that parents may have about the Relationships, Sex Education of their child:
- take seriously any issue that parents raise with teachers or governors about this policy or the arrangements for sex education in the school;
- inform parents about the best practice known with regard to RSE, so that the teaching in school supports the key messages that parents and carers give to children at home.

We believe that, through this mutual exchange of knowledge and information, children will benefit from being given consistent messages about their changing body and their increasing responsibilities.

If they feel it necessary parents have the right to withdraw their child from part or entirety of the Sex Education taught curriculum that is not part of the Science curriculum, after consultation with the Headteacher. If a parent chooses to activate this right, they would have to assure the Headteacher that their child would receive this element of their education from an alternative source. Children may not be withdrawn from the relationship element of RSE.

We work closely with parents to ensure that they are fully aware of what is being taught and as part of our whole school approach to RSE parents are informed annually when these sessions may be taught and invited to view the materials and resources being used in lessons.

The role of the headteacher

It is the responsibility of the headteacher to ensure that both staff and parents are informed about our relationships and sex education policy, and that the policy is implemented effectively. It is also the headteacher's responsibility to ensure that members of staff are given sufficient training, so that they can teach effectively and handle any difficult issues with sensitivity.

The headteacher liaises with external agencies regarding the school sex education programme, and ensures that all adults who work with children on these issues are aware of the school policy, and that they work within this framework.

The headteacher monitors this policy on a regular basis and reports to governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy.

The role of other members of the community

We encourage other valued members of the community to work with us to provide advice and support to the children with regard to health education. Visitors, professionals or parents, used as leaders of or contributors to RSE, must always abide by the school's RSE policy. They must never be left in control of a class, but must be accompanied at all times by a staff member.

Confidentiality

Teachers conduct sex education lessons in a sensitive manner and in confidence. However, if a child makes a reference to being involved, or likely to be involved in sexual activity, then the teacher will take the matter seriously and deal with it as a matter of child protection. Teachers will respond in a similar way if a child indicates that they may have been a victim of abuse.

- We will ensure a safe learning environment by agreeing ground rules as a class before the sessions take place.
- Teachers cannot offer or guarantee absolute confidentiality and pupils must be made aware of this.
- The best interests of pupils will always be maintained and they can be assured of this. If there is any possibility of abuse the school's Safeguarding and Child Protection procedure will be set in motion.
- The child will be informed first if confidentiality has to be broken and will then be supported as appropriate. Personal disclosures may take place at an inappropriate place or time. If this happens the teacher will bring the disclosure to an end as quickly as possible, but ensure that the child is spoken to again before the end of the school day in a more appropriate setting.
- Teachers will consult with the designated safeguarding lead and in his/her absence the deputy of any safeguarding or child protection concerns.

Review

The governing body reviews our Relationships Sex Education policy on an annual basis.

Appendix 1 (LiFE (PSHE & RSE) Curriculum Plan

INTENT

Through our PSHE curriculum which is known as Life lessons in school, children have the opportunity to develop skills that are needed for now and the future. The curriculum covers various topics including relationships, health and living in Britain and the wider world (in line with the statutory Relationships and Health Education 2019). In each topic, children also have the opportunity to develop their own individual skills for communication, resilience, decision making, assertiveness and self-motivation. As with other subjects, incorporated to the PSHE curriculum are our school values and Christian ethos. Our PSHE programme is also supported by the many extra-curricular activities provided in and out of school contexts.

Language	Britain	People	Faith	Migration	Creativity
PSHE reflects the	The curriculum prepares	PSHE naturally reflects of	The curriculum reflects	All Saints' has a vibrant,	Children have the
importance of spoken	children for the skills they	a wide range of people	our core values as a	diverse, multi-cultural	opportunity to have
language in children	need now and, in the	children encounter;	Christian school.	community where	a creative approach
across the whole	future, including living in	themselves, friends, family	Children have	cultures and different	to expressing their
curriculum. It provides a	Britain. Embedded with	and wider community.	opportunities to explore	religious characters are	learning e.g. role
nurturing environment	British Values, PSHE	Children explore safe and	different faith	celebrated within our	play, debates, mock
for children to share and	provides an understanding	healthy relationships	communities exploring	curriculum and wider	elections, posters
reflect on their life	of democracy,	including those online.	the similarities of	opportunities (such as	and artwork etc.
experiences. It promotes	government and how laws	Children will explore	healthy and loving	inter-faith week).	Learning is
healthy relationships	are made and upheld in	aspirational people which	relationships, healthy	Children are encouraged	evidenced using
with their peers and	Britain and draws on	could be in their family,	lifestyles (including	to share their family	'ibooks' which
adults through effective	comparisons with other	community or wider	mental health) and	traditions and heritage	captures children's
communication and	countries. It promotes	world. Children will also	development of their	from all around the	understanding and
teaching. It also provides	active citizenship so that	identify who and how to	spiritual needs.	whole. Additionally,	learning inclusive of
the space for children to	children have the skills	ask for help including	Inclusivity of various	children explore	children with SEN
speak openly and fosters	they need to play an	emergency services and	family and relationship	discriminations and the	and EAL.
a place of inclusivity by	active and healthy part in	safeguarding concerns.	structures are taught in	law at an age	
drawing on a range of	society. This is embedded		guidance of Church of	appropriate level.	
family structures	with our Christian Values.		England's Valuing all		
including LGBT.			God's Children.		

Early Years (Ruby Class)

Physical Development Personal, Social and Emotional Development Living in the Wider World including living in Britain Health & Self-Care Self-Confidence and Self-Awareness Shared Responsibilities To know the importance for · To be confident to try new activities and say why they like some To begin to follow class rules and good health of physical activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a to understand how these rules exercise and a healthy diet, familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the help them. and talk about ways to keep resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when Communities healthy and safe. they do or don't need help. To recognise ways in which they Health and Prevention Managing Feelings and Behaviour are all unique and the ways in The importance of, and how . To talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their which we are the same as all to, maintain personal own and others' behaviour and its consequences, and know that other people (including what it some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or means to be British). hygiene. class and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their Basic First Aid To understand about the behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in To begin to understand we live in their stride. Britain and to learn about their 'special people' who work in Making Relationships local natural and built their community and who are responsible for looking To play cooperatively, taking turns with others. They take account environments and begin to after them and protecting of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They recognise we need to care for them; including ways to get show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings and form positive help and how to contact relationships with adults and other children. Money those special people when To begin to understand we need they need their help, Being safe money to buy things. including dialling 999 in an How to ask for help for themselves or others, and to keep trying Aspirations, Work & Career emergency. until they are heard. To identify that everyone has **Our Bodies** Who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their different strengths. To begin to identify and attention. correctly name body parts.

Year 1 (Amber Class)

Health and Wellbeing	Relationships	Living in the Wider World -	
ricaltii aliu Welibeliig	Neiduliships	including living in Britain	
Mental Wellheing	Eamilies and neonle who care for me		
Mental Wellbeing To communicate their feelings to others, to recognise how others show feelings and how to respond. Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. Internet Safety That for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits. Physical Health & Fitness To recognise, and how to maintain, a healthy lifestyle including the benefits of physical activity. Healthy Eating To recognise a healthy diet and the importance of eating fruit and vegetables. Health and Prevention The importance of, and how to, maintain personal hygiene. Basic First Aid To understand about the 'special people'	Families and people who care for me Families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability. To recognise they belong to different groups and communities, such as family and school. Caring friendships How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure and how people choose and make friends. Identify their special people (family, friends, and carers), what makes them special and how special people should care for one another. Respectful relationships Recognise different types of teasing and bullying, to understand that these are wrong and unacceptable. Identify similarities and differences between people. Begin to understand good manners. Online relationships	Shared Responsibilities To help construct, and agree to follow class rules and to understand how these rules help them. To understand that people and other living things have rights and that everyone has responsibilities to protect those rights (which is part of living in Britain). Communities To recognise ways in which they are all unique; understand that there has never been and will never be another 'them'. To understand the ways in which we are the same as all other people (including what it means to be British); what we have in common with everyone else. Environment To understand we live in Britain and to learn about what improves and harms their local, natural and built environments and develop strategies and skills needed to care for these (including conserving energy). Digital Literacy & Media	
who work in their community and who are responsible for looking after them and	 To begin to recognise that they share a responsibility to keep themselves and 	Digital Literacy & Media	
protecting them; including ways to get help and how to contact those special people when they need their help, including dialling 999 in an emergency. Our Bodies Identify and correctly name body parts including penis and vulva.	others safe, when to say 'yes', 'no', 'I'll ask or tell'. Being safe How to ask for help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard. Who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their attention.	To learn about how the internet and digital devices can be used safely to find things out and to communicate with others. Money To learn that money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes, including spending and saving. Aspirations, Work & Career To understand that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things. To identify that everyone has different strengths.	

Year 2 (Topaz Class)

Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider World including living in Britain Mental Wellbeing Families and people who care for me Shared Responsibilities To recognise good and not so good Characteristics of healthy family life and To learn how they can contribute to the feelings, a vocabulary to describe their the importance of spending time together. life of the classroom and school. feelings to others and to develop simple How to recognise if family and other To build on prior learning about rules and strategies for managing feelings. relationships are making them feel responsibilities (including their bodies, The benefits of physical exercise, time unhappy or unsafe and who to talk to if others' bodies and feelings; being able to outdoors, community participation, they need support. take turns, share and understand the need voluntary and service-based activity on Caring friendships to return things that have been mental wellbeing and happiness. To recognise what is kind and unkind borrowed). Communities Internet Safety behaviour and that healthy friendships are Where and how to report concerns and positive and welcoming towards others, For pupils to learn that they belong to get support with issues online. and do not make others feel lonely or various groups and communities such as excluded. **Physical Health & Fitness** family and school (living in Britain). Respectful relationships Digital Literacy & Media To recognise, and how to maintain, a healthy lifestyle including the benefits of To recognise that people and other living To learn about the role of the internet in physical activity, rest and healthy eating. things have rights and that everyone has everyday life. responsibilities to protect those rights To understand that not all information **Healthy Eating** The principles of planning and preparing a (including protecting others' bodies and seen online is true. feelings, being able to take turns, share range of healthy meals. Environment and understand the need to return things **Health & Prevention** To build on prior learning about what To recognise that household products, that have been borrowed). improves and harms their local, natural To resist teasing and bullying, if they including medicines, can be harmful if not and built environments and develop experience or witness it, whom to go to strategies and skills needed to care for used properly. To recognise the importance of personal and how to get help. these (including conserving energy). hygiene and germs including bacteria, Money

viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.

Basic First Aid

 To understand about the 'special people' who work in their community and who are responsible for looking after them and protecting them; how people contact those special people when they need their help, including dialing 999 in an emergency.

Our Bodies

- Identify and correctly name body parts including penis and vulva.
- Identify the similarities and differences between boys and girls.

Online relationships

- To begin to recognise how information is shared and used online.
- Rules for ways to keep safe and responsible when using ICT and online safety.

Being safe

- The different between secrets and nice surprises (that everyone will find out about eventually) and the importance of not keeping any secret that makes them feel uncomfortable, anxious or afraid.
- To recognise that each person's belong to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical contact.
- To learn about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want.
- To understand that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this.

Aspirations, Work & Career

- To identify different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do.
- To learn about some of the strengths and interests someone might need to do different jobs.

Year 3 (Emerald Class)

Health and Wellbeing

Mental Wellbeing

- To recognise what positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health.
- Isolation and Ioneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.

Internet Safety

 To recognise the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.

Physical Health & Fitness

To recognise the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this: for example walking to school etc.

Healthy Eating

 To recognise opportunities and develop skills to make their own choices about food, understanding what might influence their choices and the benefits of eating a balanced diet.

Relationships

Families and people who care for me

 To recognise that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family (including adopted, foster and same sex parent families), but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.

Caring friendships

- How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure and how people choose and make friends.
- Identify their special people (family, friends, and carers), what makes them special and how special people should care for one another.

Respectful relationships

- Recognise the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.
- Recognise bullying and abuse in all forms (including prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and through social media).

Living in the Wider World including living in Britain

Shared Responsibilities

- To recognise reasons for rules and laws: consequences of not adhering to rules and
- To recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone.

- About the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means.
- To value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community including the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing.

Digital Literacy & Media

- To learn how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search result.
- To recognise ways in which the internet and social media (including age restrictions) can be used both positively and negatively.

Health & Prevention

- The importance of hygiene and how some diseases are spread and can be controlled: the responsibilities they have for their own health and that of others; to develop simple skills to help prevent diseases spreading.
- The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.

Basic First Aid

- Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries.
- Know how to make a clear and efficient call to the emergency services if necessary.

Changing Bodies

 Basic facts about changing bodies, from babies to adulthood.

Online relationships

- To begin to recognise that they share a responsibility to keep themselves and others safe, when to say 'yes', 'no', 'I'll ask or tell'
- Strategies for keeping safe online, the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and images.

Being safe

- How to ask for help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard.
- Who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their attention. How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.

To learn that they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment; to continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities.

Money

- To learn about the different ways to pay (credit & debit) for things and the choices people have about this.
- To recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money'

Aspirations, Work & Career

- To recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes.
- To identify that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have: that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life.

Year 4 (Sapphire Class)

Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider World including living in Britain Mental Wellbeing Families and people who care for me Shared Responsibilities To deepen their understanding of good To learn about the relationship between To recognise that stable, caring and not so good feelings, to extend their relationships, which may be of different rights and responsibilities (which includes vocabulary to enable them to explain their types, are at the heart of happy families Rule of Law and Individual Liberty). are also characterised by love and care To consider the lives of people living in That bullying (including cyberbullying) has other places around the world, and people (this includes same sex relationships). Caring friendships with different values and customs a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing. To recognise that most friendships have (identifying the similarities and differences with living in Britain). ups and downs, and that these can often Internet Safety be worked through so that the friendship To consider the effect of their online Communities is repaired or even strengthened, and that To learn about diversity: what it means: actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour resorting to violence is never right. the benefits of living in a diverse online and the importance of keeping Respectful relationships community: about valuing diversity within personal information private. · To recognise the impact of bullying, communities (including national, regional, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily religious and ethnic identities in Britain). To recognise why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for reporting bullying to an adult) and how to To learn what being part of a community example, are age restricted. get help. means, and about the varied institutions Physical Health & Fitness To realise the nature and consequences of that support communities locally and To recognise the risks associated with an discrimination, teasing, bullying and nationally. inactive lifestyle (including obesity). aggressive behaviours. **Healthy Eating** Online relationships To learn that resources can be allocated in To recognise the characteristics of a poor To begin to recognise that people different ways and that these economic diet and risks associated with unhealthy sometimes behave differently online, choices affect individuals, communities including by pretending to be someone and the sustainability of the environment eating (including obesity and tooth decay). Health & Prevention they are not. across the world (Fair Trade). To recognise the importance of dental Identify people who are responsible for Digital Literacy & Media health and the benefits of good oral helping them stay safe online. To learn about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used hygiene and dental flossing, including Being safe regular check-ups at the dentist. How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any Basic First Aid To understand about how information on Concepts of basic first-aid, for example adult. the internet is ranked, selected and dealing with common injuries. The concept of 'keeping something Know how to make a clear and efficient

necessary. **Changing Bodies**

Key facts about their changing bodies as they approach puberty (hair growth. changing shapes, breast development and emotional changes).

call to the emergency services if

- confidential or secret', when they should or should not agree to this and when it's right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret'/ how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
- online, including for commercial purposes.
- targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information.

Money

- To recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and
- To develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. contribution to society through the payment of VAT).

Aspirations, Work & Career

- To understand about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them.
- To learn about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs)

Year 5 (Amethyst Class)

Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider World including living in Britain Mental Wellbeing Families and people who care for me Shared Responsibilities To recognise that they may experience To recognise that marriage (including civil · For pupils to learn why and how rules and conflicting emotions and when they might partnership) represents a formal and laws that protect themselves and others need to listen to, or overcome these. legally recognised commitment of two are made and enforced: why different Where and how to seek support (including people to each other which is intended to rules are needed in different situations recognising the triggers for seeking be life-long. and how to take part in making and support), including whom in school they Caring friendships changing rules. should speak to if they are worried about How to recognise who to trust and who To realise the consequences of anti-social, their own or someone else's mental not to trust, how to judge when a aggressive and harmful behaviours such as wellbeing or ability to control their friendship is making them feel unhappy or bullying and discrimination of individuals emotions (including issues arising online). uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to and communities; to develop strategies Internet Safety manage these situations and how to seek for getting support for themselves or for That the internet can also be a negative help or advice from others if needed. others at risk. place where online abuse, trolling, bullying Respectful relationships Communities · The importance of permission-seeking and and harassment can take place, which can The importance of having compassion have a negative impact on mental health. giving in relationships with friends, peers towards others; shared responsibilities we Physical Health & Fitness and adult. all have for caring for other people and Importance of regular exercise and the · To understand personal boundaries; to living things; how to show care and concern for others. positive affects it has on their physical. identify what they are willing to share with mental and emotional health. their most special people; friends, To understand about stereotypes; how Healthy Eating classmates and others: and that we all they can negatively influence behaviours To recognise which, why and how, have a right to privacy. and attitudes towards others; strategies Online relationships for challenging stereotype. commonly available substances and drugs (including alcohol, tobacco and energy To recognise that the same principles Environment apply online as to face-to-face To identify ways of carrying out shared drinks) can damage their immediate and relationships, including the importance of responsibilities for protecting the future health Health & Prevention respect for others including when they are environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the To understand about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, To recognise how images in the media recycling; food choices). the risk of sun damage, including skin (and online) do not always reflect reality. Being safe Digital Literacy & Media The facts and science relation to How to manage requests for things To recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on immunisation and vaccination. (including images of themselves and social media; rules surrounding Basic First Aid others); what is and is not appropriate to · Concepts of basic first-aid, for example distribution of images. ask for (including from adults); who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable. Money dealing with common injuries. For pupils to learn about the role money Know how to make a clear and efficient plays in their own and others' lives, call to the emergency services if including how to manage their money and necessary. Changing Bodies about being a critical consumer. To identify there are different ways to Key facts about puberty and the changing keep track of money including about risks adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to 11, including physical and associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping emotional changes. money safe. Key facts about the menstrual cycle Aspirations, Work & Career including wellbeing. · To understand that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid. To learn about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation.

Year 6 (Diamond Class)

Health and Wellbeing Living in the Wider World Relationships including living in Britain Mental Wellbeing Families and people who care for me **Shared Responsibilities** · How to make informed choices (including How to recognise if family relationships To understand about prejudice: how to choices that have positive, neutral and are making them feel unhappy or un-safe recognise behaviours/actions which and how to seek help or advice from negative consequences) and develop a discriminate against others; ways of concept of a 'balanced lifestyle'. others if needed. responding to it if witnessed or It is common for people to experience Caring friendships experienced. mental ill health. For many people who do, How to recognise who to trust and who To understand that there are basic human the problems can be resolved if the right not to trust, how to judge when a rights shared by all peoples and all support is made available, especially if friendship is making them feel unhappy or societies and that children have their own uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to special rights set out in the United Nations accessed early enough. Internet Safety manage these situations and how to seek Declaration of the Rights of the Child. To help or advice from others if needed. learn that these universal rights are there How to be a discerning consumer of Respectful relationships to protect everyone and have primacy information, including that from search both over national law and family and engines is ranked, selected and targeted. What is a stereotype is, and how community practices. Physical Health & Fitness stereotypes can be unfair, negative or To recognise the importance of taking care To know that there are some cultural destructive of their body, understanding that they To realise the consequences of anti-social, practices which are against British law and aggressive and harmful behaviours such as have the right to protect their body from universal human rights, such as female inappropriate and unwanted contact; bullying and discrimination of individuals genital mutilation (FGM). Communities understanding that actions such as female and communities; to develop strategies genital mutilation (FGM) constitute abuse for getting support for themselves or for To learn about prejudice; how to recognise and are a crime, and develop the skills and others at risk. behaviours/actions which discriminate strategies required to get support if they Online relationships against others; ways of responding to it if To critically consider their online have fears for themselves or their peers. witnessed or experience. **Healthy Eating** friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated Environment To recognise which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs with people they have never met. To identify ways of carrying out shared Being safe can damage their immediate and future responsibilities for protecting the health; that some are restricted and some How to manage requests for things environment in school and at home; how are illegal to own, use and give to others. (including images of themselves and everyday choices can affect the **Health & Prevention** others); what is and is not appropriate to environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, ask for (including from adults); who to talk recycling; food choices). The facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks, including to if they feel uncomfortable. Digital Literacy & Media To understand about how text and images smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking. How to recognise early signs of physical in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body. evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation. Basic First Aid Concepts of basic first-aid, for example Money To learn about the risks involved in dealing with common injuries. gambling; different ways money can be Know how to make a clear and efficient won or lost through gambling-related call to the emergency services if activities and their impact on health, necessary. wellbeing and future aspirations. To identify the ways that money can **Changing Bodies**

 Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9

through to 11, including physical and

Key facts about human reproduction.

emotional changes.

impact on people's feelings and emotions.

To identify the kind of job that they might

like to do when they are older.

To recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship,

Aspirations, Work & Career

university)

Science Aspects of RSE

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
1. Mini-beasts: life	1. Bathing a baby	1. Recap language	1. How does my body	1. Preparing for	1. Describe the	1. Human life cycle
cycle of a	(naming the differences	of body parts	change (physically)	puberty – hair growth	changes as humans	including
frog/butterfly.	between males and	from Year 1.	from a baby to adult?	and physical changes	develop to old age –	reproduction and
2. Caring for wild	females), draw and label	3. Find out about	Building on language	to my body.	including through	conception (how life
birds in winter – what	basic body parts of the	and describe the	from Year 2.	2. The same but	puberty and male and	begins).
do they need?	human body and say	basic needs of	2. Identify that	different – people	female reproductive	2. What makes
3. All about me:	which parts of the body	animals, including	humans and some	change at different	organs.	people decide to have
staying healthy and	are associated with each	humans, for	other animals have	times (when your		a baby (reference to
our bodies.	sense.	survival.	skeletons and muscles	body is ready).		Christian values and
	Caring for an animal –		for support,			the importance of a
	need food, water,		protection and			loving and caring
	shelter.		movement (link to			relationship).
	Notice that animals,		movement/support of			
	including humans, have		babies to adults).			
	offspring which grow into					
	adults (baby, toddler,					
	child, teenager and					
	adult).					

RSE Vocabulary (in Year Groups)

Year 1	Year 2	Years 3 & 4	Years 5 & 6	
Vulva	Vulva	Vulva	Vulva	
Penis	Penis	Penis	Clitoris	
	Testicles (if	Testicles	Penis	
	discussed)	Breasts	Testicles	
		Nipples	Breasts	
		Pubic Hair	Nipples	
		Puberty	Pubic Hair	
		Body Odour	Puberty	
			Body Odour	
			Sperm	
			Womb and Uterus	
			Eggs/Ovum	
			Ovulation	
			Period (Menstruation)	
			Erection	
			Ejaculation	
			Semen	
			Wet Dream	Amniotic fluid & sac
			Hormones	Umbilical cord
			Sexual intercourse	Placenta
			Pregnancy	Cervix

